

**SIDDHARTH GROUP OF INSTITUTIONS :: PUTTUR** Siddharth Nagar, Narayanawanam Road – 517583

## **QUESTION BANK (DESCRIPTIVE)**

Subject with Code : AWP(19EC0414)

Course & Branch: B.Tech. - ECE

Year & Sem: III-B.Tech. & I-Sem.

**Regulation:** R19

#### <u>UNIT –I</u> ANTENNA & RADIATION PARAMETERS

| 1  | (a) Explain Radiation Intensity and Antenna Gain.                                       | [L1][CO1] | [6M]          |
|----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
|    | (b) Write short notes on Radiation Pattern and Beam Efficiency.                         | [L1][CO1] | [6M]          |
| 2  | Explain the following                                                                   | [L2][CO1] | [6M]          |
|    | (a) Antenna Directivity and Effective aperture of an Antenna.                           | [L2][CO1] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) Antenna Noise Temperature and Radiation Resistance.                                 |           |               |
| 3  | Explain the following with suitable equations.                                          | [L1][CO1] | [6M]          |
| 5  | (a) Antenna Matching.                                                                   |           | LOMI          |
|    | (b) Antenna Beam Efficiency                                                             | [L1][CO1] | [6M]          |
|    |                                                                                         |           |               |
| 4  | Develop the expression for Electric and Magnetic Field radiated by                      | [L3][CO1] | [12M]         |
|    | Half Wave Dipole Antenna $\left(\frac{\lambda}{2}\right)$ and Sketch its Field Strength |           |               |
|    | pattern.                                                                                |           |               |
| 5  | A dipole having a length of 3 cm is operated at 1 GHz. The                              | [L3][CO1] | [12M]         |
|    | efficiency factor K=0.6. Calculate the radiation resistance, antenna                    |           |               |
|    | gain and effective aperture                                                             |           |               |
| 6  | Derive expression for Electric and Magnetic Field radiated by                           | [L3][CO1] | [12M]         |
|    | Quarter Wave Monopole $(\frac{\lambda}{4})$ and Sketch its Field Strength pattern.      |           |               |
| 7  | Explain the concepts of radiation from the oscillating dipole.                          | [L2][CO1] | [12M]         |
|    |                                                                                         |           |               |
| 8  | (a) Calculate radiation resistance of a dipole antenna of length $\lambda/8$ m.         | [L2][CO1] | [4M]          |
|    | (b) Define Effective Aperture and give its expression?                                  | [L2][CO1] | [8M]          |
| 9  | (a)An antenna has a radiation resistance is $72\Omega$ and a loss resistance            | [L2][CO1] | [8M]          |
| ,  | is $8\Omega$ if the power gain is 16. Calculate the directivity of the                  |           | [OM]          |
|    | antenna.                                                                                |           |               |
|    | (b) Determine the length of half wave dipole at 30MHz.                                  | [L2][CO1] | [4M]          |
| 10 | (a) What is meant by Front to back ratio?                                               | [L1][CO1] | [3M]          |
|    | (b) Define Radiation Resistance of an antenna.                                          | [L1][CO1] | [3M]          |
|    | (c) Derive the expression for antenna efficiency.                                       | [L3][CO1] | [ <b>3</b> M] |
|    | (c) What are the different types of apertures?                                          | [L1][CO1] | [ <b>3M</b> ] |
|    |                                                                                         |           |               |

### <u>UNIT –II</u> <u>VHF, UHF AND MICROWAVE ANTENNAS – I</u>

| 1  | (a) Discuss about the Folded dipole antenna and its input impedance.                                                                   | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|--------|
|    | (b) What are parasitic elements & where they are used?                                                                                 | [L1][CO4]              | [6M]   |
| 2  | (a) Explain about construction and operation of Yagi-Uda antenna                                                                       | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | with neat sketch.                                                                                                                      | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b) Explain about the construction and operation of helical antenna.                                                                   |                        |        |
| 3  | (a) Discuss about the helical antenna geometry, axial mode of                                                                          | [L2][CO3]              | [6M]   |
|    | radiation and its applications.                                                                                                        | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b) Discuss about the helical antenna geometry, Normal mode of                                                                         |                        |        |
|    | radiation and its applications.                                                                                                        |                        |        |
| 4  | (a) Discuss about the horn antenna types & its characteristics.                                                                        | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b) Discuss the design considerations of pyramidal horn antenna.                                                                       | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
| 5  | (a) Discuss the types of horn antennas.                                                                                                | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b) Write short notes on                                                                                                               | [L1][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | i) Folded dipole antenna ii) Yagi-Uda array                                                                                            |                        |        |
| 6  | (a) Calculate the directivity of 20 turn helix with $\alpha = 12^{0}$ and                                                              | [L3][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | circumference equals to one wavelength.                                                                                                | [L1][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b) Give the applications of helical antennas.                                                                                         |                        |        |
| 7  | (a) Discuss advantages, disadvantages and applications of Yagi-Uda                                                                     | [L2][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | antenna<br>(h)Calardata tha directivity and half many harmonidth. Far a 20                                                             | [L3][CO4]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b)Calculate the directivity and half power beamwidth. For a 20-<br>turns helical antenna operating at 3GHz with circumference of 10cm |                        |        |
|    | 1 0                                                                                                                                    |                        |        |
| 8  | and spacing between the turns 0.3 wavelength is operating at 3GHz.<br>(a) Write short notes on Helical antenna and its Modes.          | [L1][CO3]              | [6M]   |
|    | (b) Calculate the directivity of pyramidal horn antenna with an                                                                        | [L1][CO3]<br>[L3][CO4] | [6M]   |
|    | aperture. If size 12x12cm operating with 3.2cm wavelength.                                                                             |                        | [OIAT] |
|    |                                                                                                                                        |                        | [[]]   |
|    | (a) Write short notes on Horn antenna.                                                                                                 | [L1][CO4]              | [5M]   |
| 9  | (b) Design Yagi-Uda antenna of six elements to provide a gain of                                                                       | [L6][CO4]              | [7M]   |
|    | 12dB if the operating frequency is 200 MHz.                                                                                            |                        |        |
|    | (a) Draw and explain the three elements of Yagi-Uda array                                                                              | [L2][CO4]              | [3M]   |
| 10 | (b) Define Normal mode and axial mode in helical antenna?                                                                              | [L1][CO3]              | [3M]   |
|    | (c) Define Pitch angle.                                                                                                                | [L1][CO3]              | [3M]   |
|    | (d) Define axial ratio.                                                                                                                | [L1][CO3]              | [3M]   |

#### <u>UNIT – III</u>

#### VHF, UHF AND MICROWAVE ANTENNAS – II & ANTENNA MEASUREMENTS

| 1.  | (a) Give the advantages and limitations of micro strip antennas.     | [L1][CO4] | [6M]          |
|-----|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
|     | (b) Explain about micro strip antennas and its types with neat       | [L5][CO4] | [6M]          |
|     | diagrams.                                                            |           |               |
| 2.  | (a) Write short notes on flat sheet & corner reflector.              | [L1][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | (b) What are the types of reflectors? Explain the features of        | [L1][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | parabolic reflectors.                                                | [[][005]  |               |
| 3.  | (a) Discuss the construction of rectangular patch antenna.           | [L2][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | (b) A parabolic reflector antenna with diameter 1.8 m is designed to | [L2][CO2] | [6M]          |
|     | operate at frequency of 6 GHz and illumination efficiency of 0.65.   |           |               |
|     | Calculate the FNBW and antenna gain                                  |           |               |
| 4.  | (a) Draw and explain the principle of parabolic reflector.           | [L2][CO3] |               |
|     | (b) A parabolic dish provides a power gain of 50 dB at 10 GHz with   | [L2][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | 70% efficiency. Find out i)HPBW ii) BWFN iii) Diameter               |           | [6M]          |
| 5.  | (a)Explain the effect between variation of focal length position and | [L2][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | radiation in paraboloid.                                             | [L2][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | (b) Explain Cassegrain Feed system and give its advantages           |           |               |
| 6.  | (a) Explain about the Reciprocity with respect to antenna            | [L5][CO3] |               |
|     | measurements.                                                        |           |               |
|     | (b) Explain near & far fields with respect to antenna measurements.  | [L5][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     |                                                                      |           | [6M]          |
| 7.  | (a) Explain sources of Error in Antenna measurement.                 | [L2][CO5] |               |
|     | (b) Define Radiation pattern and explain the set up for measurement  | [L1][CO5] | [6M]          |
|     | of Radiation pattern of an antenna                                   |           | [6M]          |
|     |                                                                      |           | 102           |
| 8.  | (a) Write short notes on Coordination system for antenna             | [L1][CO3] | [6M]          |
|     | measurement.                                                         |           |               |
|     | (b)Explain Gain measurement by direct comparison method.             | [L5][CO3] | [6M]          |
| 0   | (a) Evaluin the pain measurement using charlete method               |           |               |
| 9.  | (a) Explain the gain measurement using absolute method.              | [L5][CO5] | [6M]          |
|     | (b) Explain the measurement of directivity                           | [L5][CO5] | [6M]          |
| 10. |                                                                      | [L1][CO4] | [3M]          |
|     | (b) What are the applications of Microstrip antenna?                 | [L1][CO4] | [ <b>3</b> M] |
|     | (c) What is reflector antenna and give its significance?             | [L1][CO3] | [ <b>3</b> M] |
|     | (d) Mention different methods of feeds of parabolic reflector        | [L1][CO3] | [3M]          |
|     | antennas.                                                            |           |               |

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### <u>UNIT – IV</u> ANTENNA ARRAYS

| 1. | (a) What is antenna array? Define point sources and uniform linear   | [L1][CO4] | [6M]          |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
|    | array.                                                               |           |               |
|    | (b) Write short notes on broad side and end fire arrays.             | [L1][CO4] | [6M]          |
| 2. | (a) Explain n- element uniform linear array                          | [L5][CO4] | [8M]          |
|    | (b) Write short notes on collinear Array                             | [L1][CO4] | [ <b>4M</b> ] |
|    |                                                                      |           |               |
| 3. | Derive the expression for far field pattern of an array of two       | [L4][CO3] | [12M]         |
|    | isotropic point sources at equal amplitude& same phase.              |           |               |
| 4. | Explain End fire array with increase directivity and derive the      | [L5][CO4] | [12M]         |
|    | directivity equation.                                                |           |               |
| 5. | Derive the expression for far field pattern of an array of two       | [L4][CO4] | [12M]         |
|    | isotropic point sources at equal amplitude & opposite phase.         |           |               |
| 6. | (a)Explain pattern multiplication with appropriate examples.         | [L3][CO4] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) A broad side array operating at 10cm wavelength consists of 4    | [L5][CO4] | [6M]          |
|    | half wave dipole spaced 50 cm each element carries radio frequency   |           |               |
|    | current in the same phase and magnitude 0.25A. Calculate the         |           |               |
|    | radiated power, half power beamwidth of major lobe.                  |           |               |
| 7. | (a) Show that Directivity of BSA, L>>d is $D_0=2(d/\lambda)$ .       | [L5][CO4] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) Show that Directivity of EFA, L>>d is $D_0=4(d/\lambda)$ .       | [L5][CO4] | [6M]          |
| 8. | (a) What is principle of pattern multiplication? List the advantages | [L1][CO4] | [6M]          |
| 0. | (a)What is principle of pattern multiplication? List the advantages  |           |               |
|    | and disadvantages.<br>(b) Explain about the Binomial array.          | [L2][CO4] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) Explain about the Binomial array.                                |           |               |
| 9. | Compare the Broad side array and end fire array.                     | [L5][CO4] | [12M]         |
| 9. | Compare the broad side array and end file array.                     | [LJ][CO4] |               |
|    |                                                                      |           |               |
| 10 | (a) What are the different types of antenna arrays?                  | [L1][CO4] | [4M]          |
|    | (b) What are the different cases of arrays of two-point sources?     | [L1][CO4] | [4M]          |
|    | (c) Find the minimum spacing between the elements in a broadside     |           |               |
|    | array of 10 isotropic radiators to a have directivity of 7db.        | [L2][CO4] | [4M]          |
|    | J                                                                    |           |               |
|    |                                                                      |           | 1             |

#### <u>UNIT – V</u> WAVE PROPAGATION

| 1. | (a) Explain different modes of Wave Propagation.                         | [L2][CO5] | [6M]          |
|----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|---------------|
|    | (b) Explain about refraction and reflection of EM waves.                 | [L2][CO5] | [6M]          |
| 2. | Draw and explain the structure of Ionosphere with its typical electron   | [L5][CO5] | [12M]         |
|    | density variation characteristics.                                       |           |               |
| 3. | Explain Reflection and Refraction of sky waves by ionosphere.            | [L5][CO5] | [12M]         |
| 4. | Explain the Structure of Ground wave propagation with neat sketch.       | [L5][CO5] | [12M]         |
| 5. | (a) Explain critical frequency and its expression.                       | [L5][CO5] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) Explain Maximum usable frequency with its expression.                | [L5][CO5] | [6M]          |
| 6. | (a) Explain optimum working frequency and its significance.              | [L5][CO5] | [6M]          |
|    | (b)Explain lowest usable high frequency (LUHF) and give its              | [L5][CO6] | [6M]          |
|    | significance.                                                            |           |               |
|    |                                                                          |           |               |
| 7. | (a) Explain Virtual height and its significance.                         | [L5][CO6] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) Explain Skip distance and derive its expression.                     | L5][CO6]  | [6M]          |
| 8. | (a) Explain the relation between MUF and skip distance.                  | [L5][CO6] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) Explain Multi hop propagation.                                       | [L5][CO6] | [6M]          |
| 9. | (a) Explain the energy loss in Ionosphere.                               | [L5][CO6] | [6M]          |
|    | (b) At a particular day time, the critical frequency observed in E and F | [L4][CO6] | [6M]          |
|    | layers are 2.5 MHz and 8.5 MHz respectively. Calculate the maximum       | [2]][000] |               |
|    | electron density of both the layer sin cubic meter.                      |           |               |
| 10 | (a) For a flat earth assume that at 400 km reflection takes place. The   | [L4][CO6] | [8M]          |
|    | maximum density of ionosphere corresponds to a refractive index of       |           |               |
|    | 0.9 at 10 MHz. Calculate range for which maximum usable frequency        |           |               |
|    | is 10 MHz                                                                | [L4][CO6] | [ <b>4</b> M] |
|    | (b)Determine the maximum usable frequency for a critical frequency of    |           | [-₽⊥VI]       |
|    | 20 MHz and an angle of incidence of $35^{\circ}$                         |           |               |

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